Attorney's Docket No. 5175-135

PATENT

## IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re: Conkle et al.

Examiner: Rodney P. Swartz, Ph.D.

Serial No.: 09/701,760

Art Unit 1645

Filed: April 19, 2001

Confirmation No. 8928

For: Method for Purification, Recovery, and Sporulation of Cysts and Oocysts

Date: February 14, 2005

Mail Stop Petition Attn: Ms. Sherry Brinkley Via Facsimile 571-273-0025 Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

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FEB 1 4 2005

OFFICE OF PETITIONS

## PETITION FOR WITHDRAWAL FROM ISSUE PURSUANT TO 37 CFR 1.313 (c)(2)

Dear Sirs.

Applicants hereby petition for withdrawal of this application from issue. The issue fee for the above-mentioned patent application was paid in error on October 21, 2004. A copy of the Fee Transmittal dated October 21, 2004 and a copy of the notice of allowance and issue fee due are included with this petition.

Applicants submit good and sufficient reason for withdrawal from issue for consideration of the submission of a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) under CFR 1.114 with Information Disclosure Statement (IDS) as filed in the United States Patent and Trademark Office on August 20, 2004. A copy of the RCE with IDS as filed, along with copies of all references cited in the IDS and a copy of the receive-stamped return postcard are included with this petition. Applicants note that the RCE and accompanying IDS were filed prior to the erroneous payment of the issue fee.

Accordingly, Applicants respectfully request withdrawal of this application from issue and consideration of the RCE and IDS submitted on August 20, 2004.

02/15/2005 AKELLEY 00000016 500220 09701760

01 FC:1464

130.00 DA

In re: Conkle et al. Serial No.: 09/701,760 Filed: April 19, 2001

Attorney Docket No. 5175-135

Page 2

The Commissioner is authorized to charge the specified \$130.00 petition fee to Deposit Account No. 50-0220. Further, the Commissioner is authorized to charge any deficiency or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. 50-0220.

Respectfully submitted,

Karen Å. Magri

Registration No. 41,965

## CERTIFICATION OF FACSIMILE TRANSMISSION **UNDER 37 CFR 1.8**

I hereby certify that this correspondence is being facsimile transmitted to the Office of Petitions at the United States Patent and Trademark Office via the facsimile number 571-273-0025 on February 14, 2005.

Sarah Brunmeier

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P. O. Box 37428

Raleigh, North Carolina 27627

Telephone: (919) 854-1400

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## MYERS BIGEL SIBLEY & SAJOVEC, P.A. Patent Attorneys 4140 Parklake Avenue, Suite 600, Raleigh, NC 27612

P.O. Box 37428
Raleigh, NC 27627
919-854-1400
Facsimile 919-854-1401

## TELECOPIER TRANSMISSION COVER SHEET

Date: February 14, 2005

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07/23/2004

Paul H Ginsburg Pfizer Inc-20th Floor

Saully, Scott, Murchy & Presser 400 Garden City Plaza, Suite 300 Carden City, New York 11530

235 Fact 42nd Street Xcw York, NY 19017-5755 Note: A certificate of multing can only be used for domestic mailings of the Fects) Transmitts! This certificate cannot be used for any other accompanying papers. Each additional paper, such as an assignment of focust drawing, may have its own certificate of mailing or transmission.

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Peter I. Bernstein (Sharatery) Ootbober 21, 2004

APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE FIRST NAMED DIVENTOR ATTURNEY DOCKET NO. CONFIRMATION NO. PCI 6433A FAX REGOSTVED U9/701.760 04/19/2001 Harold N. Corticle

TITLE OF INVENTION: METHOD FOR THE PURIFICATION, RECOVERY, AND SPORIJLATION OF CYSTS AND OCCYSTS

FEB 1 4 2005

APPLN. TYPE SMALL ENTITY ISSUE FEE PUBLICATION FEE TOTAL FEE(S) DIFFFICE OF PETITIONS NO \$1330 1370 ובחעלצו יכוסמדסת s1330 10/25/2004 \$13 KAMINEK ART UNIT CLASS-SUBCLASS SWARTZ RODNEY P 1643 424-093100 1. Change of correspondence address or indication of "Fee Address" (37 CFR 1.265). 2. For printing an the patent from page, list Soully, Scott, (1) the names of up to 3 registered parent anomeys or agents OR, attentatively, U Change of correspondence address (or Change of Correspondence Address form PTO/SH/122) attached, Murphy & Presser (2) the name of a slagle firm (having as a member a registered altomory or agent) and the numes of up to 2 registered patent anomeys or agents. If no name is listed, no name will be printed. U "Fee Address" indication (or "Fee Address" Indication form
PTO/SB/47; Rov UJ-02 or more recent) attached. Use of a Customer
.: Number is required. . 1. ASSIGNEE NAME AND RESIDENCE DATA TO BE PRINTED ON THE PATENT (or in or type) PLEASE NOTE: Unless an assignee is identified below, no assignee data will appear on the potent. If an exsignee is identified below, the document has been filed for recordation as an early in 37 CFR 3.11. Completion of this form is NOT a substitute for filing an assignment. (A) NAME OF ASSIGNEE (B) RESIDENCE: (CITY and STATE OR COUNTRY) Pfizer, Inc. New York, NY Please theck the appropriate assigned estegrary of categories (will out be printed on the pasent); i individual & corporation or other private group entity is government 44. The following fre(x) are enclosed: 4b. Payment of Fee(s): 20 TRANG FOR W A check in the amount of the fee(s) is enclosed. LI Publication Fee (No small entity discount permitted) U Paymons by credit card. Form PTO-2033 is anothed. The Director is hereby multiprized by charge the required foo(s), or credit any overpayment, to Deposit Account Number 19-1013/55/19- (enclose an extra copy of this form). LA Advance Order - F of Copies.

5. Change to Entity Status (from smous indicated above)

U:L Applicant claims SMALL ENTITY soms. See 37 CFR 1.27.

U b. Applicant is not claiming SMALL ENTITY stame. See, e.g., 37 CFR 1.27(g)(2).

The Director of the USPTO is requested to apply the issue Fee and Publication Fee (if any) or to re-apply any previously paid issue fee to the application identified above. NOTE: The Issue Fee and Publication Fee (if required) will not be accepted from anyone other than the applicant; a registered attentory or agent; or the assignee or other party in increase as shown by the records of the United States Patent and Traderock Office.

(Authorized Signature) Peter I. Bernstein
Pag#43,497

October 21, 2004

This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.311. The information is required to obtain or remin is benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 12 minutes to complete, including guidering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to confident this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office. U.S. Department of Commerce. P.O. Box 1450. Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS, SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450. Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450.

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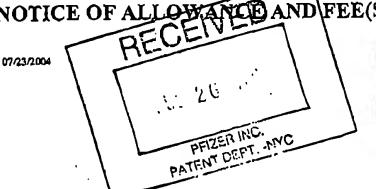
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7590

Paul H Ginsburg Pfizer luc 20th Floor 235 East 42nd Street New York, NY 10017-5755



EXAMINER SWARTZ, RODNE PAPER NUMBER .07/23/2004 DATE MAIL

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/701,760	04/19/2001	Harold N. Conkle	PC10433A	8928

TITLE OF INVENTION: METHOD FOR THE PURIFICATION, RECOVERY, AND SPORULATION OF CYSTS AND OOCYSTS

APPLN. TYPE	SMALL ENTITY	ISSUE FEE	PUBLICATION FEE	TOTAL FEE(S) DUE	DATE DUE
monorovisional	NO	\$1330	· 20	\$1330	10/25/2004

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(Depositor) made) (Separate

(Date)

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/701 760	04/19/2001	Harold N. Conkle	PC10433A	FAX RECEN	/ED

TITLE OF INVENTION: METHOD FOR THE PURIFICATION, RECOVERY. AND SPORULATION OF CYSTS AND OOCYSTS

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APPLN. TYPE	SMALL ENTITY	ISSUE FEE	PL	JBLICATION FEE	TOTAL FEE	(S) DUE	OFFICE OF PETITIONS	
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3. ASSIGNEE NAME AN	D RESIDENCE DATA TO BI	PRINTED ON TH	TE PATENT (print	or type)				
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☐ Issue Fee ☐ Publication Fee (No small entity discount permitted)	☐ A check in the amount of the fee(s) is enclosed. ☐ Payment by credit card. Form PTO-2038 is attached.					
☐ Advance Order - # of Copies	U The Director is hereby authorized by charge the required fcc(s), or credit any overpayment, to Deposit Account Number (enclose an extra copy of this form).					
5. Change in Entity Status (from status indicated above)  u a. Applicant claims SMALL ENTITY status. See 37 CFR 1.27.	LI b. Applicant is not claiming SMALL ENTITY status. Sec. e.g., 37 CFR 1.27(g)(2).					
	plication Fee (if any) or to re-apply any previously paid issue fee to the application identified above.  Expect from anyone other than the applicant; a registered attended or agent; or the assigner or other party is park Office.					
(Authorized Signature) (Date)						

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APPLICATION NO.		FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
		04/19/2001	Harold N. Conkle	PC10433A 8928		
	7590	07/23/2004		EXAM	INER	
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Pfizer Inc				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
20th Floor 235 East 42nd S	i <del>tree</del> t			1645		
New York, NY		5755		DATE MATI ED: 07/23/200	4	

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Determination of Patent Term Extension under 35 U.S.C. 154 (b) (application filed after June 7, 1995 but prior to May 29, 2000)

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The Patent Term Extension is 0 day(s). Any patent to issue from the above-identified application will include an indication of the 0 day extension on the front page.

If a Continued Prosecution Application (CPA) was filed in the above-identified application, the filing date that determines Patent Term Extension is the filing date of the most recent CPA.

Applicant will be able to obtain more detailed information by accessing the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) WEB site (http://pair.uspto.gov).

Any questions regarding the Patent Term Extension or Adjustment determination should be directed to the Office of Patent Legal Administration at (703) 305-1383. Questions relating to issue and publication fee payments should be directed to the Customer Service Center of the Office of Patent Publication at (703) 305-8283.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	09/701,760	CONKLE ET AL
Notice of Allowability	Examiner	Art Unit
	Rodney P. Swartz, Ph.D.	1645
- The MAILING DATE of this communication appearable claims being allowable, PROSECUTION ON THE MERITS IS (herewith (or previously mailed), a Notice of Allowance (PTOL-85) NOTICE OF ALLOWABILITY IS NOT A GRANT OF PATENT RIGOT the Office or upon petition by the applicant. See 37 CFR 1.313	OR REMAINS) CLOSED in this appropriate communication.  SHTS. This application is subject.	opplication. It not included on will be mailed in due course. THIS
1. ☑ This ∞mmunication is responsive to <u>25November2003</u> .	•	
2. The allowed claim(s) is/are <u>1-39 and 41-53</u> .		
3.   The drawings filed on 19 April 2001 are accepted by the Ex	aminer.	FAX RECEIVED
<ol> <li>Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority un</li> <li>a) All b) Some* c) None of the:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have</li> <li>International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> </ol>	been received. been received in Application No.	
* Certified copies not received:		
Applicant has THREE MONTHS FROM THE "MAILING DATE" of noted below. Fallure to timely comply will result in ABANDONM THIS THREE-MONTH PERIOD IS NOT EXTENDABLE.	of this communication to file a repl ENT of this application.	y complying with the requirements
5. A SUBSTITUTE OATH OR DECLARATION must be submit INFORMAL PATENT APPLICATION (PTO-152) which give	itted. Note the attached EXAMINE reason(s) why the oath or deda	R'S AMENDMENT or NOTICE OF ration is deficient.
6. CORRECTED DRAWINGS (as "replacement sheets") mus  (a) including changes required by the Notice of Draftspers  1) hereto or 2) to Paper No / Mail Date  (b) including changes required by the attached Examiner's	on's Patent Drawing Review (PTC	
Paper No./Mail Date  Identifying Indicia such as the application number (see 37 CFR 1 each sheet. Replacement sheet(s) should be labeled as such in the	,84(c)) should be written on the drav	wings in the front (not the back) of
7. DEPOSIT OF and/or INFORMATION about the deposit attached Examiner's comment regarding REQUIREMENT	sit of BIOLOGICAL MATERIAL	must be submitted. Note the
Attachment(s)		•
1. Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	<del>-</del>	I Patent Application (PTO-152)
2. Notice of Draftperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	6. ☐ Interview Summa Paper No./Mail D	
3. ☑ Information Disclosure Statements (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/C Paper No./Mail Date 2/2/04	08), 7. 🗌 Examiner's Amen	ment of Reasons for Allowance
4. Examiner's Comment Regarding Requirement for Deposit of Biological Material	9. ☐ Other	
or protestion titeration		
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Application/Control Number: 09/701,760

Art Unit: 1645

## **DETAILED ACTION**

- 1. Applicants' Response to Final Office Action, received 25November 2003, is acknowledged. Claims 1, 7, 15, 22, 30, and 48 have been amended. Claim 40 has been canceled. New claims 52 and 53 have been added.
- 2. Claims 1-39 and 41-53 are pending and under consideration.

## **Rejections Moot/Withdrawn**

- 3. The rejection of claim 40 under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being incomplete for omitting essential steps, is most in light of the cancellation of the claim.
- 4. The rejection of claims 15-17 under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, indefiniteness, is withdrawn in light of the amendment of the claims.
- 5. The rejection of claims 1-6, 28-39 under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite, is withdrawn in light of the amendment of the claims.
- 6. The rejection of claims 7-14 under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite, is withdrawn in light of the amendment of the claims.
- 7. The rejection of claims 18-27 and 41-51 under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite, is withdrawn in light of the amendment of the claims.

## Conclusion

- 8. Claims 1-39 and 41-53 are free of the prior art of record and are allowable.
- 9. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Rodney P. Swartz, Ph.D., Art Unit 1645, whose telephone number is (571) 272-0865. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Thursday from 5:30 AM to 4:00 PM EST.

Page 2

Page 3

Application/Control Number: 09/701,760

Art Unit: 1645

If attempts to reach the Examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Lynette F. Smith, can be reached on (571)272-0864.

The fax phone number for the organization where this application process assigned is (703) 872-9306.

10. Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <a href="http://pair-direct.uspto.gov">http://pair-direct.uspto.gov</a>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

RODNEY P SWARTZ, PH.D PRIMARY EXAMINER
Art Unit 1645

July 21, 2004

FEB. 2. 2004 1:25PM

MBS&S 949 854-1401

NO. 6319 P. 5/25

Sheet L of 1

ORM PTO-1449 U.S. Department of Commerce Attorney Docket Number 5175.135						Serial No. 09/701,760		
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01		RU2094121	10/27/97	Russia		<u> </u>		Yes
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EXAMINER Initial if reference considered, whether or not citation is in conformance with MPEP 609; draw line through citation if not in PAGE 5/25' RCVD AT 2/2/2004 1:24:58 PM [Eastern Standard Time] 'SVR-USPTO-EFXRF-1/1 'ONS-2/2/306' CSID:919 854 1401' OURATION (mm-ss):16-12

### REQUEST Application Number 09/701.760 FOR Filing Date April 19, 2001 **CONTINUED EXAMINATION (RCE)** First Named Inv ., Conkle et al. **TRANSMITTAL** Group Art Unit Subsection (b) of 35 U.S.C. § 132, effective on May 29, 2000, Examiner Name Rodery P. Swartz provides for continued examination of an utility or plant application filed on or after June 8, 1995. Attorney Docket Number 5175-135 See The American Inventors Protection Act of 1999 (AIPA) This is a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) under 37 C.F.R. § 1.114 of the above-identified application. Request for Continued Exemination (RCE) practice under 37 CFR 1.114 does not apply to any utility or plant application filed prior to June 8, 1995, or to any design application. See instruction Sheet for RCE's (not to be submitted to the USPTO) on page 2. Submission required under 37 C.F.R. § 1.114 a. Previously submitted Note: If the RCE is proper, any previously filed unentered amendments and amendments enclosed with the RCE will be entered in the order in which they were filed unless applicant instructs otherwise. If applicant does not wish to have any previously filed unentered amendment(s) entered, applicant must request non-entry of such amendment(s). Consider the amendment(s)/reply under 37 C.F.R. § 1.116 previously filed on (Any unentered amendment(s) referred to above will be entered). ii. Consider the arguments in the Appeal Brief or Reply Brief previously filed on \_ iil. Other b. X Enclosed i. Amendment/Request for Reconsideration ii. Affidavit(s)/Declaration(s) iii. Information Disclosure Statement (IDS), Form PTO-1449, and 2 references RECEIVED iv. Other FEB 1 4 2005 2. | Miscellaneous a. Suspension of action on the above-identified application is requested under 37 C.F.R. 1.103(C) is a period of \_\_\_\_\_ Months. (Period of suspension shall not exceed 9 months; Fee under 37 C.F.R. § 1.17(I) required) The RCE fee under 37 C.F.R. § 1.17(e) Is required by 37 C.F.R. § 1.114 when the RCE is filed. 3. Fees a. The Director is hereby authorized to charge the following fees, or credit any overpayments, to Deposit Account No. i. RCE fee required under 37 C.F.R. § 1.17(e) iii. 🔲 Other c. Payment by credit card (Form PTO-2038 enclosed) d. 🛛 If necessary, the Director is hereby authorized to charge any deficiencies, or credit any overpayments, to Deposit Account No. 50-0220 Myers Bigel Sibley & Sajovec, P.A., P. O. Box 37428, Raleigh, North Carolina 27627, Telephone: (919) 854-1400, Facsimile: (919) 854-1401, Customer No. 20792 SIGNATURE OF APPLICANT, ATTORNEY, OR AGENT REQUIRED 41,965 Registration No. (Attorney/Agent) Karen A. Magri Name (Print/Type) Date August 20, 2004 Signature CERTIFICATE OF EXPRESS MAILING Date of Deposit: August 20, 2004 "Express Mail" mailing label number: EV472533328US I hereby certify that this paper or fee is being deposited with the United States Postal Service "Express Mail Post Office to Addressee" service under 37 CFR 1.10 on the date indicated above and is addressed to Mail Stop RCE, Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. Sarah Brunmeier Name (Print/Type) sarah Krunner Date August 20, 2004 Signature

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**EXAMINER** 

DATE CONSIDERED

<sup>\*</sup>EXAMINER Initial if reference considered, whether or not citation is in conformance with MPEP 609; draw line through citation if not in conformance and not considered. Include copy of this form with next communication to applicant.

Attorney's Docket No. 5175.135

PATENT

In re: Conkle et al.

Serial No.: 09/701,760 Filed: April 19, 2001

For: Method for Purification, Recovery, and

Sporulation of Cysts and Oocysts

Examiner: Rodney P. Swartz, Ph.D.

Art Unit 1645

Confirmation No. 8928

Date: August 20, 2004

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Mail Stop RCE Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

**OFFICE OF PETITIONS** INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT UNDER 37 C.F.R. § 1.97 Sir:

Attached is a list of documents on form PTO-1449 together with a copy of each identified document, and an English translation thereof. It is requested that these documents be considered by the Examiner and officially made of record in accordance with the provisions of 37 C.F.R. § 1.56 and Section 609 of the MPEP.

The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any deficiency or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. 09-0461.

Respectfully submitted,

Karen A. Magri

Registration No. 41,965

CERTIFICATE OF EXPRESS MAILING

"Express Mail" mailing label number: EV472533328US Date of Deposit: August 20, 2004 I hereby certify that this paper or fee is being deposited with the United States Postal Service "Express Mail Post Office to Addressee" service under 37 CFR 1.10 on the date indicated above and is addressed to Mail Stop RCE. Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.

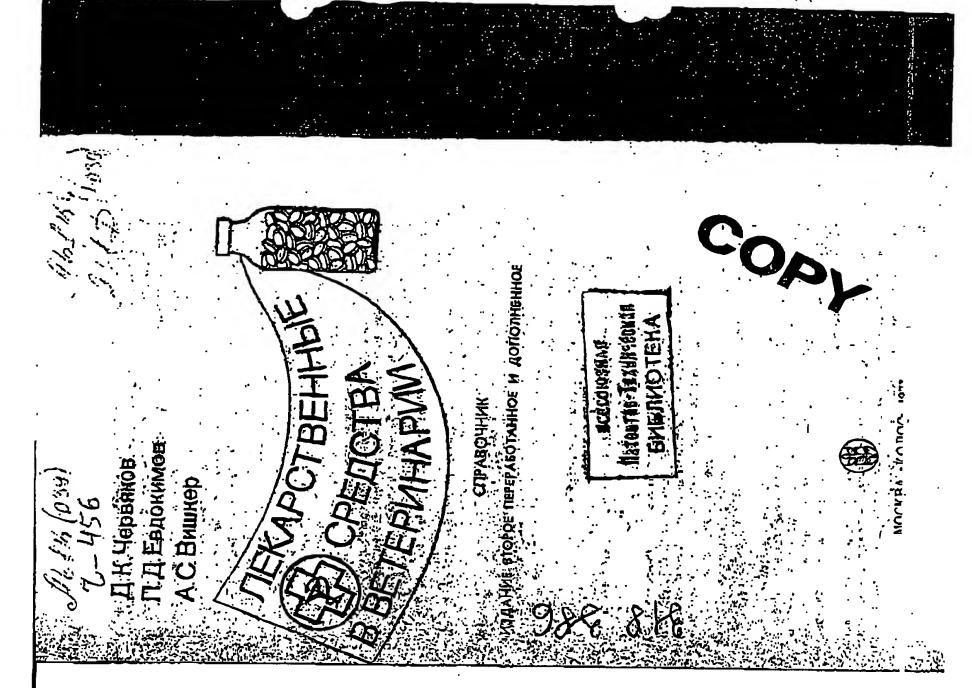
Sarah Brunmeier

Customer No. 20792

Myers Bigel Sibley & Sajovec, P.A. P. O. Box 37428

Raleigh, North Carolina 27627 Telephone: (919) 854-1400

Facsimile: (919) 854-1401



FEB 1 4 2005

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## 8

раяет протпровоспалительно и кровоостаневливающе. Онисляет ирргенца в зависпиости от понцентрации проявляют олигущее уражающее действие. Свежеприготовленные растворы действуют грната губительно действует на большипство вегетанивных форм ій. Дезинфицирулоцыя сила его сильно конижается в присутствии прежих веществ. В связи с важущим и противоринробным дейстчен распоры трехдневного хрянемия. 2—5%-ный раствор калия В водных растворак пріз. взаннодействин с. органисе: еществами разлагается с образовеннем свободного инслорода мартвица. Кислород действует внужникробно и дезодорирующе,

10). При перозе у птид дают пятье в 0,01%-мом резведеняи в течеи ричтрь опием, морфинсм, вкомитином, фосфором (0,6—2%-ный теривиганата периодически выплавают животным (0,0)% ный ушает яд эмей, фофор, алпадонды, морфия, аконнтии и др. раменение. В качестве витесптичесного и противолоспалительторантах, рянктах, фарпититах, ларпититах. Назначают внутръ федства применяют в сиде промываняя 0,1—0,2% пым раствором ниечника (0,1—0,2%-им раствор), в твічне при отрявлениях прибр). Для профилантики желудочно кишечның элболеваний рвствор пицевода, при энтеритах, функциональном расстрой-

р), обраболия операционного пола (6%-ный раствор), промывании [1—0,5%-ями раствор). Его навкачают пря пнодермиях, фуруппуалия перманганат применяют для дезинфекции рук (0,5—2%-пый ерматитех и некробацильсте в виде орошения 1—3% ным раство-

рі веррукознам дерматите пораменное место в области путрвото в прилудривают порошиси перманганата в омеси со стрептоцидом касладывают повязку. Для первичной обработки и лечения пора-

д мясных и рыбних пролуктов (2—4%-ний горячий раствор). При у ядовитья жуков-и выей орошают место укуса б%-ным раствором energy of non kony doupyl mecta ynyca 1% shall pactboo; mennen нии 2-5 мл, крупный 6-10 мл; при учусах вкей одновреженво јетов, а тапие столов на рынква, месных палатон, прилавиов, тары ендуется вводить противовиенную сыворотку. В акушерской прэкпри ектритан, ваганитек и трнхомонове крупного роготого спотрюмов, еклапских помещений дая кранения мисимя и молочных баля перманганат используют при дезанфекции и дезодорацян ва-

выснают сприящевания 0,1%-(пм раствором. 1 муниво 0,1—0,2%-кого раствора; пошадям и муниво 0,1—0,2%-кого раствора; пошадям и мунивом 60—100 мл; меним муначими и соиньми 60—100 мл; меним муначими и соиньми 60—100 мл;

MCTBOP NEPEKHCH BOHOPOJA KOHUEHTPBPOBAHHЫM. JTIO HYDROGENII PEROXYDI CONCENTRATA

врат содержит 27,5—31% верениси подорода. Несовместин с летло вите спясиу В в сняянках со стенляными проблами в проявадном, ну своеобразным вапахом, слабокислой реакция. Мерланио разлавеществами, щелочами, соляни серебра, фосфором. при вожнатной температуре, очень бистро — при нагребании Беспветивн проэрачива мицкость без валвкв или Ніптина: пергидроль, гиперол. Céglicras.

8

MEKNOM: OF, CIFETA MECTE

# HAOTAINH. NAPHTHALINUM

ре, хлороформв. В открытом вяде постепеньо улегучивается звпахом и вкусом. В воде не растворяется, растворяется д Свойства. Весцветиме блестящие пластинки с жарануе ся па каменноугольного деття лутем яробной перегония: мритых банках п в плотных буманных паметах.

Rescribre 31 inpunomento Ognariet mediculum battika in inputationapatitatium reservation describes Cardinalism in inscriptions. B corsis c arabitation data attendial Применяют легом в форме мази, присыпох как вигисей створимостью в воде применение его ограничево.

оппуснавищее насекомых гредство при ранах пожи, в тов 4 Кастрации животних.

с примесью нейтральных угленодо ROADSTOF THOTHE BEER IS HERLICH - REPUBLICANTOR TOUGHT В виде препарага девинсскталина — Desinseclassum пяфталина и 60% утля

## ABTOIL AUTOLUA

Сиприн. машинное масто.

Свойства. Тогучов, мязеобразная темно-бурая масса. Не дистильных в остаточных франций вефти. Хранят в бойная 🐮 Смениврается с жирами и маслани. Обладнет витикор свойствами. Температура вастываняя минус 36—40° Canned

Цействие и примектине, Действует антиспрически и пр

зитарно. Применяют как основу при изготовленки мазей, ней при чесотке, гиподерматозе, стригущем лишае и доугну **Заболевамиях** 

чая ивсев буровато-желтого или шоколадного цвета бер вапах автола 85 частей, стевриня 7, парафина 3 и свиного свяв Б част Официнарыная мазь, автоловав. Ungventum Auloll, Састоят: звтоле 85 частей, стеарина 12 частей, ониси цинка 3

Выпижном в упаковке по 20 п 30 г. Применяют для лече ожогов, пролежней, деривтятов, а также используют ж для приготовления других мавей. Няносят на кому 1-2 раза повляту или без нее

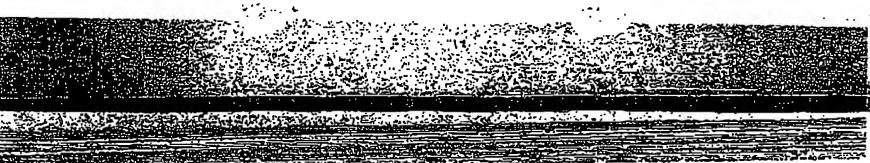
растворые в белзине, клороформе. Применяют наружно при писцериняк, ожогах, проледника и другах заболгваннях кожн Поривыеризованное автолену Тагучая жидкость темно-бурого цвета. Нерастворны в чоде один раз в суткв в виде повязом, смоченных в политероле, и Полимерол. Ројутеговит.

# 2. ВЕЩЕСТВА, ОТДАЮЩИЕ КИСЛОРОД

# KAJIHA MEPALAHITHAT, KALII PERMANGANAS ·

Спойства, Телио красно-фломстовые присталлы нин менки Калий ивричновонислый, КМпО,

инвании помет произойти вэркв. Явянстев сильимы омисинуеде нет в хорошо вапупорениых банкал иля в ввоявляных местани пурлурового цветв. Несовмествы с летко ожислиющинися и стье соли, серв, растительные сливи, белин, спирт и фосфар); в колодной и 1:3,5 в инпащей). Водные растворы от розового ските веществами (глякозиды, вливленды, лубильные вещес жический порошон с металлическим блеском. Растворны в



COP

тичестих заболеваниях, в тякже для промырания раза и полостей O.5% -410TO дирт в начестве визисептического и деродорирующего средства Дабительный заболевамиях синзистых оболочек итв, горла, при 100 MA BOXEL я пережиси воборода одну теблетку растворяют в %-nut pacted inspekted boropoda),

## в. группа формальдегида

## SOLUTIO FORMALDEHYDI формальдегида. 90E13

## FORMALINUM DPMAJIHH.

ж.иый водный раствор формальдегеда, HCOII

расщепление кает по перокстальному типу  $(H_s \mathbb{O}_s - H_s \mathbb{O} + \mathbb{O})$ . The system entries prohyphysis knowood, a scan no netragenoism to conserve uphomy physis hectorogy  $(2H_s \mathbb{O}_s + 2H_s \mathbb{O} + \mathbb{O}_s)$ . Other atomeram entries and conserve anthunkly

кезоморпрующе. Выдоляющийся кислород образует мельчаяц вырын, йоторые жехаппчески способствуют очищению раны от псинй и омертаевших тивней,

да образует до 10 л ивспорода. Разложение перениси нодорода д двт. под воилитем ткапедых ферментов (перемсидазы и нагалаз

описляющимися веществуми растворы перекиси водорада тры с вымечением инслирода. При этом 1 л 3%-вого раствора переки

10 г пергидрода и доливают водой до 100 мл. Для прантачед

овжущего впуса, свобонислой реакция,

Для практических целей припуснают тркже пастаор вере рода — Soluifo Hydrogenii регохуді Тійві, сомержені да рай жисн водорода. Это проэрэчная бесплетная жидпость два рай

BLANDOLE STOR II APPLICATION ASHIES PACTEON REPERKED BODODOLE

Действие. При соприносновения с органическими и друг

Lin ero npinrozonine

Перекись вокорода оказывает исбольшое вяжущее и крој

няуков. По сиде якпливиробного действий 3%-ный раствор пе вокорода соответствует 0,1% пому раствору сулемын 5% ному р

нав чирающее вибяние. Как силымя билемитель, описляет яд

месты с охнелителями, фенолом, комфорой, менторум, тумолом. преняже 98. Бутылки помещают в корчисы и обкладывают вопруг Bo Brex риства. Призрачная бесцистная жидкость со сворафразным варажающим вайвхом. Хорошо смениввется с водой еризания с формалину кобавляют метоловый спру синях. При храйении в прохидиюм месте иноглајамн пли пругим улаковочным материалом.

увеличивает виплинкробыую вигивность препараго. В основе визъформаньдетида с протоой и отнятие кислорода от белипами сосдиневляй, молгумиция в јенствие. Формансдетии хорошо реагирует со многими вещест. В том числе с белнами. Действует раздражатоще, приминтатоме. ьно вликет на чесоточных лисщей, мум, их зичином и других пароякробло, проливопаразитарко, демодорирующе и подсучнивающе бет неспарасбразующие мигроорганизмы, спорозыя формы миндовурусы и грибы. Споры витракся при воздействии теплого (30 Повышение температуры и относительной влажности в ломей формальдетида погибают в течение трем часов. GROTO LERCIBIIS BERNAT BERNOACHCTRIIC

знослеваннях слизистых оболочек полости ртя, глонин, при гији гијесних болезнах, провогочнаств из слизистых оболочек (1—23

Применение В качестве дезинфицирующего и дезодарир средства приненяют для промыванив и полоскапый при носпали

нарбоновой инелогы. Перекись подорода устраняет гиплостим

уменьшвет кровоточниость и ускоряет заживление ран.

раствор). Для промывання спойных рун, язв, полостей, а такж вослажения наружного уха (3% жый раствор). Используют для с

nphanquist nongon.

The year agosates sied is nayios testion per neptique and section of the particular sections of the pa

(NACORFIX MEDIOTHEM (-5 MM)

Дия діченфекцпіг птичніков применяют 3%-ный раствор пе

BORDONS CO, 5% MONOUNDI RIICAOTIM. ANN NONTORBREIHE ZAHINOTO DE CEPUT I "BETE NOPENTRIOT O, 6% INOTALE DE CONTRE DE SATEM ROGEN RIOT O, 6% INOTALE DE CONTRE DE SATEM ROGEN RIOT DE CONTRES DE RECEION RECEION DE RECEION DE

звражвъвлля шприцев-котстеров, применясынх при испусствени

кнорида натрия. Иля дезинфенции ульсь ори вмериканской ц сном гіндале плел применяют 10% шмі раствор перекцен во

желения, с последующки прокъвавнен их изотоянческий

ровмалии уплотикет и висущивает пожу, в при частом применении становится сукой, помкой и развирается эквеме. Водима растворы једжи после применали внутра действуют антасептически и проти-рдилаліо, в в случалх приема жнутра концептрировисніку растворов дети на оказмает губительного действия на митробы.

средств для дезипфехици животноводческих помещений. Можно венять в водных растворах, в газообравном состоящи, в виде аэрозоат в чистом виде, тан и в смесы с другими квинческими средствами. свящей, пуллорозе пунциспользуют 1% ный раствор формальдети руг нефекционном вагините, паратифе свиней, чума самией, оспо јјате пошадей — 2%-яый, при сибирской язве — 496-им раствор. уйной рествор формальдения реколенцуют для дезинфенции при тиц (3% едкого награ и 3% формальдетива). Дезинфекция произівается гастрозитерит. Крименение, Используют наи одно из саных универеальных и лучтоминозак (1% едиого натра и 2% формальдегия), при тубериу.

урмальдетид орнисильст для гозовой дезинфекции герметическия Нък помещений, терм и инвентара. Для этого и металлическую пля формина (40% форетида) и 22 части воды, в витем добавляют 30 настей калия Майганровую посуду изпивают 46 весовых частея ig. 11pii rescriedaty pe 26—30°

ГИДРОПЕРИТ В ТАБЛЕТКАХ. ТАВИLЕТТАЕ НИВ ROPE

Свойства. Таблетин, содержите комплексное соединение пер

родорода с мочевиной. Переинси водорода содержится 33—35%

в месяц пучен погрумения в 2%-ийй раствор перечнен водородя

часа или и мамере парами формальдегида.

фекциотсиеноденды рабочих на пасенах проводят не реже одног

3% пык раствором уксусной или муравьяной вистоги при треки нанесения из расчетв 1 л на 1 м<sup>а</sup> площади с часовым интеравлом

беного цвета. Хорошо растворны в воде. Ураняг в стируд

улаковке в сухом, вашищенном от света месте.

Цействие и применение. Одна таблетка глироперита, расу!

[handwritten] [illegible] (039)

[illegible]

[illegible] - 456

[illegible]

D. K. Chervjakov

P. D. Evdokimov

A. S. Vishker



Veterinary Drugs

Handbook

Second Revised and Supplemented Edition

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[illegible] 1977

COPY

## NAPHTHALENE, NAPHTHALINUM

 $C_{20}H_4$ 

Properties. Colorless, lustrous laminae with characteristic odor and taste. Insoluble in water, soluble in alcohol, ether, chloroform. Gradually volatilizes when exposed. [Illegible] from coal tar by [Illegible] distillation. Stored in closed containers and in tight paper packages.

Action and use. Possesses a slight antimicrobial and antiparasite effect. Has a weak repellent effect on insects. In conjunction with toxicity for animals and insolubility in water its use is limited.

Used in the summer in the form of powder as anti [illegible] that repels insects on skin, including castration of animals.

In the form of the preparation desinsectalin – Desinsectalinum (mixture of naphthalene in 60% carbon with an admixture of neutral hydrocarbons) used against lice and mites-carriers of hemosporidiosis.

### AUTOL. AUTOLUM

Synonym: machine oil

Properties. Viscous, salve-like dark brown mass. Insoluble in water. Miscible with fats and oils. Possesses anticorrosion properties. Solidification point 35-40°. Produced from petroleum distillates and residues. Stored in drums and iron cans.

Action and use. As an antiseptic effect and acts against [illegible]. Used as a base for production and salves, used in mange, hypodermatosis, ringworm and other skin diseases.

Officinal autol salve. Unguentum Autoli. Consists of 85 parts autol, 12 parts stearin, 3 parts zinc oxide; 85 parts autol, 7 parts stearin, 3 parts paraffin and 5 parts suet [illegible] brownish-yellow mass or chocolate-colored odorless mass.

Produced in a 20 and 30 g package. Used to treat [illegible], burns, ulcers, dermatitis and also used [illegible] to prepare other salves. Applied to the skin one to two times in a bandage or without one.

Polymerol. Polymerized autol. Viscous dark brown liquid. Insoluble in water, soluble in solvent naphtha, chloroform. Used externally in pyodermas, burns, ulcers and other diseases of the skin. [Illegible] once a day in the form of bandages moistened in polymerol and [illegible].

## 2. SUBSTANCES THAT RELEASE OXYGEN

## POTASSIUM PERMANGANATE, KALII PERMANGANAS

Potassium permanganate, KMnO.

Properties. Dark red violet crystals or fine [illegible] powder with metallic hister. Soluble in water [illegible] cold and 1:3.5 m boiling water). Aqueous solutions are reddish to purple in color. Incompatible with readily oxidizing and [illegible] substances (glycosides, alkaloids, tannins. [illegible] salts, sulfur, plant mucilages, proteins, alcohol and phosphorus) [illegible] can explode. Is a strong oxidizer. [Illegible] in well-sealed containers or in sealed tins.

Action. In aqueous solutions during reaction with organic substances it decomposes to form free oxygen and manganese salts. Oxygen has an antimicrobial and deodorizing effect. Manganese, depending on concentration, exhibits an astringent and irritating effect. Freshly prepared solutions act [illegible] and solutions stored for 3 days. A 2-5% solution of potassium permanganate has a destructive effect on most vegetative forms of bacteria. Its disinfecting power is strongly reduced in the presence of [illegible] substances. In conjunction with the astringent and antimicrobial effect it has an anti-inflammatory and styptic effect. Oxidizes and [illegible] venom of snakes, phosphorus, alkaloids, morphine, aconitine, etc.

Use. As an antiseptic and anti-inflammatory agent is used in the form of washing with 0.1-0.2% solution in stomatitis, rhinitis, pharyngitis, laryngitis. Is used in [illegible] of the esophagus, in enteritis, functional disorders of the intestines (0.1-0.2% solution) and also in intoxication [illegible] internally with opium, morphine, aconitine, phosphorus (0.5-2% solution). For prevention of gastrointestinal diseases a solution of potassium permanganate is periodically furnished to the animal (0.01% solution). During perosis in birds a drink which is administered with 0.01% dilution for 2 to 4 days.

Potassium permanganate is used for disinfection of hands (0.5-2% solution), treatment of the operating field (5% solution), washing (0.1-0.5% solution). It is prescribed in pyodermas, furunculosis, dermatitis and necrobacillosis in the form of a spray with 1-3% solution.

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\*\*\* RX REPORT \*\*\*

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INCOMPLETE RECEPTION

TX/RX NO

8021

RECIPIENT ADDRESS

919 854 1401

DESTINATION ID

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TIME USE

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RESULT

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In verticose dermatitis the damaged site in the region of [illegible] is sprinkled with permanganate powder in a mixture with streptocide and wrapped in a bandage. For primary treatments and treatment of skin damage [illegible] a 0.2-0.5% solution is used.

Potassium permanganate is used in disinfection and deodorizing [illegible], storerooms for storage of meat and dairy products and also tables in markets, meat stands, counters, packages of meat and fish products (2-4% hot solution). In bites of toxic beetles and snakes, the location of the bite is sprayed with 5% solution [illegible] around the location of the bite 1% solution: small [illegible] 2-5 mL, large 5-10 mL; in snake bite it is simultaneously recommended that autisnake serum be administered. In obstetric practice in metritis, vaginitis and trichomoniasis in large cattle spraying with a 0.1% solution is prescribed.

Doses internally 0.1-0.2% solution; horses and large cartle 200-600 mL; small ruminants and pigs 50-100 mL; [illegible] to 1 year 50-100 mL.

CONCENTRATED POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE SOLUTION. SOLUTIO HYDROGENII PEROXYDI CONCENTRATA

H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>

Synonyms: perhydrol, hyperol.

Properties: colorless transparent liquid without odor or with a weak intrinsic odor, weakly acid reaction. Slowly decomposes at room temperature, very rapidly when heated. The preparation contains 27.5-31% hydrogen peroxide. Incompatible with readily oxidizing substances, alkalis, silver salts, phosphorus. [Illegible] in glass vessels with glass stoppers in a cool location protected from light.

[Page 3]

For practical purposes a solution of hydrogen peroxide is also available – Solutio Hydrogenii peroxydi diluta containing about [illegible] hydrogen peroxide. This transparent colorless odorless liquid has an astringent taste, weakly acid reaction. For preparation [illegible] 10 g perhydrol and water added to 100 mL. For practical purposes this hydrogen peroxide is prescribed and used.

Action. On contact with organic and other oxidizing substances, potassium hydroxide solutions decomposes with liberation of oxygen. One liter of 3% hydrogen peroxide solution forms up to 10 L of oxygen. Decomposition of hydrogen peroxide occurs under the influence of tissue enzymes (peroxidases and catalases), cleavage occurs according to the peroxidase type ( $H_2O_2 \rightarrow H_2O + O$ ), active atomic oxygen is formed, and if according to the catalase [illegible] molecular oxygen is liberated ( $2H_2O_2 \rightarrow 2H_2O + O_2$ ). The formed atomic oxygen as an oxidizer has an antimicrobial or deodorizing effect. The liberated oxygen forms fine bubbles that mechanically promote cleaning of a wound from [illegible] and dead tissue.

Hydrogen peroxide has a slight astringent and styptic effect. As a strong oxidizer it oxidizes toxins of snakes and [illegible]. According to the strength of the antimicrobial effect a 3% solution of hydrogen peroxides corresponding to a 0.1% solution of corrosive sublimate, 5% solution of carbolic acid. Hydrogen peroxide eliminates putrid odors, reduces blood flow and accelerates healing of wounds.

Use. As a disinfectant and deodorizing agent it is used for washing and rinsing in inflammatory diseases of the oral mucosa, throat, in gynecological diseases, hemorrhage from mucous membranes (1-2% solution), for washing of festering wounds, ulcers, cavities and also inflammation of the external ear (3% solution). Used for [illegible] bandages.

In bites of poisonous snakes and beetles perhydrol is introduced subcutaneously around the location of the bite with a 3% hydrogen peroxide solution (small animals 1-5 mL).

For disinfection of poultry coops 3% perhydrol solution is used with 0.5% lactic acid. For preparation of the solution 1 part perhydrol and 9 parts water and then 0.5% lactic acid is added, a 3% hydrogen peroxide solution is used to sterilize syringes-catheters used in artificial [illegible] with subsequent washing with isotonic sodium chloride solution. For disinfection [illegible] 10% hydrogen peroxide solution and 3% acetic acid solution or formic acid solution is used with three-fold application of 1 liter per 1 m<sup>2</sup> of area at hourly intervals. Disinfection of special clothing of workers in apiaries is carried out no less than once a month by immersion in 2% hydrogen peroxide solution for an hour or in a chamber with formaldehyde vapors.

HYDROPERITE IN TABLETS. TABULETTAE HUDROPERIT



Properties. Tablets containing a complex compound of hydrogen peroxide with urea. Hydrogen peroxide is contained 33 to 35% [illegible] white color. Readily soluble in water. Stored in standard package in a dry location protected from light.

Action and use. One tablet of hydroperite dissolved in 15 mL of water corresponds to a 3% solution of hydrogen peroxide. It is used as an antiseptic and deodorizing agent in inflammatory discases of the mucosa of the mouth, throat, in [illegible] diseases, and also for washing of wounds and cavities (0.5-1% solution of hydrogen peroxide). To prepare a 0.5% hydrogen peroxide solution, one tablet is dissolved in 100 mL of water.

## 3. FORMALDEHYDE GROUP

FORMALDEHYDE SOLUTION. SOLUTIO FORMALDEHYDI FORMALIN. FORMALINUM

10% aqueous solution of formaldehyde, HCOH.

Properties. Transparent, colorless liquid with a peculiar [illegible] initiating odor. Readily miscible with water in all ratios. When stored in a cool location sometimes becomes turbid and forms precipitates that dissolve when heated. To prevent polymerization methyl alcohol (10-12%) is added to formalin. Compatible with oxidizers, phenol, camphor, menthol, thymol. Stored in well-sealed bottles in a dark location at a temperature no lower than 9°. The bottles are placed in baskets and wrapped [illegible] or other packaging material.

Action. Formaldehyde reacts readily with many substances, including proteins. Has an irritating, [illegible], antiparasitic, deodorizing and desiccant effect. [Illegible] nonsporulating microorganisms, spore forms of micro[illegible], viruses and fungi. Anthrax spores on exposure to a hot (30°) formaldehyde solution are killed within 3 hours. Has a destructive effect on mites, flies, their larvae and other parasites. An increase in temperature and relative humidity in rooms increases the antimicrobial activity of the preparation. Reaction of formaldehyde with protoplasm and removal of oxygen from protein compounds, coagulation and denaturation of proteins of the bacterial cell underlie the antimicrobial effect. At a temperature below 0° formaldehyde has no destructive effect on microbes.

Formalin tightens and dries the skin and during frequent use the skin becomes dry, fragile and eczema develops. Aqueous solutions of formalin after use internally have an antiseptic and anti[illegible] effect and in cases of internal use of concentrated solutions gastroenteritis develops.

Use. Used as one of the most universal and best agents for disinfection of animal-keeping rooms. Can be used in aqueous solutions, in the gaseous state, in the form of aerosols and in pure form, also mixed with other chemical agents. For disinfection of rooms during foot-and-mouth disease, pseudorabies, pasteurellosis in pigs, pullorosis in birds 1% formaldehyde solution is used. In infectious vaginitis, paratyphus of pigs. [illegible] of horses 2%, in anthrax 4% solution. [Illegible] formaldehyde solution is recommended for disinfection in [illegible] (1% sodium iodide and 2% formaldehyde) in tuberculosis of birds (3% sodium iodide and 3% formaldehyde). Disinfection is carried out at a temperature of 25-30°.

- Formaldehyde is used for gas disinfection of hermetically sealed rooms, containers and inventories. For this purpose 45 parts by weight formalin (40% formaldehyde) and 22 parts water are poured into a metal or [illegible] vessel and then 30 parts potassium [illegible] are added ... [end of furnished text].

(51) 6 C12N1/20, C12N3/00, A61K39/07, C12N1/20, C12R1:07



РОССИЙСКОЕ АГЕНТСТВО
ПО ПАТЕНТАМ И ТОВАРНЫМ ЗНАКАМ

## (12) ОПИСАНИЕ ИЗОБРЕТЕНИЯ

к патенту Российской Федерации



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- (71) Имя заявителя: Всероссийский научноисследовательский институт ветеринарной вирусологии и микробиологии
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## (54) СПОСОБ ИЗГОТОВЛЕНИЯ ВАКЦИНЫ ПРОТИВ СИБИРСКОЙ ЯЗВЫ ЖИВОТНЫХ

Использование: биотехнология, микробиология, вакцина против сибирской язвы животных. Сущность изобретения: культивирование вакцинного штамма 5-ВНИИВВиМ осуществляют в жидкой споруляционноростовой среде, содержащей дрожжевой экстракт, пептон, калий фосфорнокислый двузамещенный, кальций хлористый, цинк сернокислый, медь сернокислую, железо сернокислое, аммоний сернокислый и воду (рН 7,2 ±0,2). При этом культивирование штамма осуществляют в реакторе в течение 23 - 25 ч, из них первые 17 -

19 ч при аэрации, поддерживая скорость растворения кислорода в среде 5,5±0,2 ммоль на 1 л среды в час. Для концентрирования спор используют натриевую соль карбоксиметилцеллюлозы, которую вносят в суспензию до концентрации 0,2 - 0,3%, а отстаивание осуществляют при температуре 0 - 25°C в течение 23 - 25 ч.-2 э.п. ф-лы.

Изобретение относится к области микробиологии, в частности к биотехнологии вакцинных препаратов, и может быть использовано при изготовлении вакцины против сибирской язвы.

Для изготовления вакцины против сибирской язвы животных используют способ культивирования бактерий вида B.anthracis в бутылях-четвертях на плотной питательной споруляционной среде, содержащей в качестве основного компонента гидролизат кормовых дрожжей [1]

Недостатком данного способа является длительность процесса культивирования штамма В. anthracis (72 82 ч), а также трудоемкость, так как наработка спорового материала производится в бутылях-четвертях.

Наиболее близким техническим решением, выбранным в качестве прототипа, является способ культивирования штамма 55-ВНИИВВиМ в жидкой питательной среде с использованием в качестве источника азота кислотного гидролизата говяжьего мяса. Способ позволяет за 48 ч получить споровый материал, содержащий 100 300 млн. жизнеспособных спор штамма 55-ВНИИВВиМ [2]

Основные недостатки этого способа заключаются в небольшом выходе спорового материала с 1 см<sup>3</sup> питательной среды (100 300 млн. спор в 1 см<sup>3</sup>), в использовании в среде культивирования мяса, ценного продукта питания человека, а также в длительности процесса выращивания культуры и получения спор (2 сут).

FEB. 14. 2005:с 3:00PM, трироМВS&S 919 854-1401 пор отстаиванием с использованием вспомогательного вещества полиэтиленимина / г.св. N 1792969, кл. С 12 N 1/02, авторь сулов И.А и др.). Он позволяет проводить концентрирование .ктериальных спор в суспензии за 4 5 су...

Основные недостатки этого способа заключается в длительности процесса концентрирования (4 5 сут), а также в образовании прочных конгломератов спор при отстаивании, которые трудно ресуспендировать. Наличие конгломератов спор в закцине недопустимо.

Целью настоящего изобретения является увеличение выхода количества спор с единицы питательной среды, сокращение трудоемкости способа, материальных затрат и времени на получение и концентрирование спорового материала для изготовления вакцины.

Цель достигается тем, что в предлагаемом способе изготовления вакцины против сибирской язвы культивирование осуществляют в реакторе с использованием разработанной нами и апробированной при производстве вакцины жидкой споруляционно-ростовой среды следующего состава (мас.):

Дрожжевой экстракт сухой 0,2 0,3

Пептон ферментативный сухой 0,2 0,3

Калий фосфорнокислый двузамещенный 0,04 0,06

Кальций хлористый 0,004 0,006

Магний сернокислый 0,03 0,05

Цинк сернокислый 0,0005 0,0015

Медь сернокислая 0,0005 0,0015

Железо сернокислое 0,00005 0,00015

Аммоний сернокислый 0,15 0,25

Вода деминерализованная (рН 7,2±0,2) Остальное

Кроме того, используют иные условия культивирования. В первые 18 ч культуру штамма 55-ВНИИВВиМ аэрируют воздухом путем барботирования, уровень аэрации составляет 5,3 5,7 ммолей растворенного кислорода на 1 л среды в 1 ч, при этом 95 100% выросших бактериальных клеток образуют споры. Затем аэрирование прекращают и культуру выдерживают 6 ч до завершения спорообразования и полного лизиса вегетативного материала.

Сокращение времени на концентрирование спорового материала достигается использованием в качестве вспомогательного вещества натриевой соли: карбоксиметилцеллюлозы (Na KMЦ) в оптимальной концентрации 0,2 0,3% Кроме того, осаждение спор осуществляют непосредственно в реакторе при температуре 0 25°C в течение 23 25 ч.

Способ культивирования разработан на 5-литровом ферментере "Бромма" (фирма ЛКБ Швеция) и воспроизведен в 250-литровом реакторе. Указанный способ может быть осуществлен в сосудах для культивирования различного объема. Для этого необходимо определить массообменные по кислороду характеристики используемых сосудов. Это можно выполнить с помощью сульфитного метода.

Пример 1. Определение массообмена по кислороду в 250-литровом реакторе, выращивание культуры штамма 55-ВНИИВВиМ и получение спор.

В 250-литровом реакторе, содержащем 160 л дистиллированной воды, по усовершенствованному сульфитному методу определяют скорость растворения кислорода (ммолей  $O_2$  в час) при подаче воздуха через барботер в реакторе в количестве  $2.5 \, \text{дм}^3/\text{л}$  воды в мин или  $40 \, \text{дм}^3/160 \, \text{л}$  воды в мин (1-е измерение); 5 $дм^3/л$  воды в мин или 80  $дм^3/160$  л в мин (2-е измерение) и 7,5  $дм^3/л$  воды в мин или 120  $дm^3/160$  л воды в мин (3-е измерение).

FEB. 14. 2005ы 3:00РМые знаМВS&S 919 854-1401используют для построения графика, отражающего зависимость уровня аэра⊔: .: 'ммолей О<sub>2</sub>/л в час) от скорости подач∟ здуха в реактор (дм³/л в мин).

Выращивание культуры штамма 55-ВНИИВВиМ и получение спор.



В реакторе (250 л) приготавливают 150 л споруляционно-ростовой среды по прописи (см. выше). Реактивы растворяют в той же последовательности, в которой они написаны. Устанавливают рН среды 7,2±0,2 добавлением 25%-ного раствора гидроокиси калия или натрия. Среду стерилизуют при 134°C в течение 1 ч и охлаждают до 30 35°C.

В реактор с питательной средой заливают через пробоотборник посевной материал, споровую суспензию штамма 55-ВНИИВВиМ, в количестве 1,5 - 3,0 • 10 <sup>12</sup> жизнеспособных спор, что составляет 1 2 • 10 <sup>7</sup> спор на см<sup>3</sup> среды. Весь посевной материал должен содержаться в объеме 2 5 л.

Устанавливают температуру инкубирования 37°С, в засеянную питательную среду подают сжатый воздух через барботер. Скорость подачи воздуха определяют по графику массообмена. Она должна обеспечивать уровень аэрации 5,5 ммолей  $O_2$ /л в час. Культивируют 18 ч. Следующие 6 ч инкубируют без аэрации.

Культура вакцинного штамма 55-ВНИИВВиМ, выращенная в этих условиях, состоит из эрелых жизнеспособных спор, количество которых в 1 см<sup>3</sup> составляет 350 500 млн.

Повышение уровня азрации выше 5,7 ммолей  $O_2/n$  в час отрицательно влияет на рост и спорообразование культуры штамма 55-ВНИИВВиМ: "урожай" спор с 1 см $^3$  питательной среды снижается на 30 40% спорообразование происходит лишь у 70 80% выросших вегетативных клеток.

Снижение уровня аэрации ниже 5,3 ммолей O<sub>2</sub>/л в час вызывает резкое уменьшение процента спорообразования. Спорулируют лишь 50 60% вегетативных клеток. Выход спор с 1 см<sup>3</sup> питательной среды уменьшается на 45 50%

Пример 2. Осаждение спор в культуре вакцинного сибиреязвенного штамма 55-ВНИИВВиМ непосредственно в реакторе.

В реактор, содержащий 160 л споровой культуры штамма 55-ВНИИВВиМ с концентрацией спор 350 500 млн./см<sup>3</sup>, заливают через пробоотборник 16 л 2%-ного раствора Na КМЦ, простерилизованного при 121°С в течение 1 ч и охлажденного до 40 50°С. Содержимое реактора перемешивают и оставляют в состоянии покоя на 20 24 ч. По истечении этого времени надосадок осторожно декантируют, а осадок тщательно перемешивают и сливают в отдельный сосуд, например 20-литровую стеклянную бутыль. Осадок в количестве 10 15 л содержит 4 6 млрд. жизнеспособных спор/см<sup>3</sup>, легко ресуспендируется и его используют для изготовления вакцины против сибирской язвы животных. В этих условиях происходит 10-15-кратное концентрирование спорового материала.

При добавлении в споровую культуру Na КМЦ в конечной концентрации более 0,2% скорость осаждения спор не увеличивается.

При добавлении в споровую культуру Na КМЦ в количестве 0,10 0,15% осаждение спор происходит медленно в течение 10 12 сут. Изменение температуры от 0 до 25°С не влияет на скорость осаждения спор.

К суперконцентрированному споровому материалу добавляют глицерин до конечной концентрации 30% Полученную в результате жидкую суперконцентрированную вакцину из штамма 55-ВНИИВВиМ с содержанием 50 300 доз в объеме 1 5 мл разливают в ампулы и отпаивают без вакуума.

Использование предлагаемого способа изготовления вакцины из штамма 55-ВНИИВВиМ по сравнению с существующими способами обеспечивает следующие преимущества:

позволяет изготавливать в реакторах большие объемы спор штамма 55-ВНИИВВиМ и концентрировать их, соблюдая условия стерильности;

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позволяет проводить конц. . рирование спор в широком диапазоне пымпературы (0 25°C);

дает возможность увеличить выход спор с 1 см3 питательной среды в 2 раза;

позволяет получать жидкую суперконцентрированную вакцину.

## ФОРМУЛА ИЗОБРЕТЕНИЯ



1. Способ изготовления вакцины против сибирской язвы животных, включающий культивирование штамма 55-ВНИИВВиМ в жидкой питательной среде, содержащей органический источник азота, до максимального образования спор и концентрирование споровой культуры с использованием вспомогательного вещества с последующим отстаиванием смеси и отделением осадка, отличающийся тем, что, с целью увеличения выхода количества спор с единицы питательной среды, сокращения трудоемкости способа, материальных затрат и времени на получение и концентрирование спорового материала, штамм 55-ВНИИВВиМ культивируют на питательной среде, содержащей дрожжевой экстракт сухой, пептон, калий фосфорнокислый двузамещенный, кальций хлористый, магний сернокислый, цинк сернокислый, медь сернокислую, железо сернокислое, аммоний сернокислый при следующем соотношении компонентов, мас.

Дрожжевой экстракт сухой 0,2 0,3

Пептон ферментативный сухой 0,2 0,3

Калий фосфорнокислый двузамещенный 0,04 0,06

Кальций хлористый 0,004 0,006

Магний сернокислый 0,03 0,05

Цинк сернокислый 0,0005 0,0015

Медь сернокислая 0,0005 0,0015

Железо сернокислое 0,00005 0,00015

Аммоний сернокислый 0,15 0,25

Вода деминерализованная (рН 7,2 ± 0,2) Остальное

- 2. Способ по п.1, отличающийся тем, что культивирование осуществляют в реакторе в течение 23 25 ч, из них первые 17 19 ч при аэрации, поддерживая скорость растворения кислорода в среде (5,5  $\pm$  0,2) ммоль на 1 л среды в час.
- 3. Способ по п.1, отличающийся тем, что для концентрирования бактериальных спор в качестве вспомогательного вещества используют натриевую соль карбоксиметилцеллюлозы, которую вносят в суспензию до конечной концентрации 0,2 0,3% а отстаивание проводят при 0 25°С в течение 23 25 ч.

## ИЗВЕЩЕНИЯ ОБ ИЗМЕНЕНИИ ПРАВОВОГО СТАТУСА

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- (73) Name of patent holder: All-Russian Scientific Research Institute of Veterinary Virology and Microbiology

## (54) METHOD FOR PRODUCING A VACCINE AGAINST ANIMAL ANTHRAX

Use: biotechnology, microbiology, vaccine against animal anthrax. Essence of the invention: the vaccine strain 5-VNIIVViM is cultured in a liquid sporulation-growth medium containing yeast extract, peptone, potassium biphosphate, potassium chloride, zinc sulfate, copper sulfate, iron sulfate, ammonium sulfate and water (pH 7.2±0.2). Culturing of the strain is accomplished in a reactor over 23 to 25 hours, the first 17 to 19 hours during aeration, maintaining a rate of dissolution of oxygen in the medium of 5.5±0.2 mmol per liter of medium per hour. The sodium salt of carboxymethylcellulose is used to concentrate the spores, the salt being introduced to the suspension to a concentration of 0.2-0.3%, while precipitation is accomplished at a temperature of 0-25°C for 23 to 25 hours. Two dependent claims.

The invention pertains to microbiology, specifically biotechnology of vaccine preparations, and can be used in the production of a vaccine against anthrax.

The method of culturing bacteria of the species B. anthracis in quarter bottles on a dense nutrient sporulation medium containing edible yeast hydrolyzate as main component is used to produce the vaccine against anthrax [1].

The shortcoming of this method is the duration of the process for culturing the strain of B. anthracis (72 to 82 hours) and also the labor intensity, since workup of the spore material is accomplished in quarter bottles.

The closest technical solution chosen as prior art is the method for culturing the strain 55-VNIIVViM in a liquid nutrient medium using acid hydrolyzate of beef as nitrogen source. The method permits spore material to be produced in 48 hours containing 100 to 300 million vital spores of the strain 55-VNIIVViM [2].

The main drawbacks of this method include the low yield of spore material from 1 cm<sup>3</sup> of nutrient medium (100-300 million spores per I cm<sup>3</sup>), use of meat, a valuable human food product, in the culture medium and also the duration of the process for culturing and producing the spores (2 days).

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A method is known for concentration of bacterial spores by precipitation, using the auxiliary substance polyethyleneimine (Certificate of Authorship No. 1792969, cl. C 12 N 1/02, authors Bakulov, I. A. et al.). It permits concentration of bacterial spores in the suspension in 4 to 5 days.

The main drawbacks of this method include the duration of the concentration process (4 to 5 days) and also the formation of strong conglomerates of spores during precipitation, which are difficult to resuspend. The presence of spore conglomerates in the vaccine is inadmissible.

The purpose of the present invention is to increase the yield of the number of spores per unit of nutrient medium, reduce the labor intensity of the method, the material costs and time to produce a concentrate spore material for vaccine production.

The objective is achieved in that in the proposed method for producing the vaccine against anthrax culturing is accomplished in a reactor, using a liquid sporulation-growth medium with the following composition (by weight) developed by us and approved in the production of a vaccine:

Dry yeast extract 0.2-0.3
Dry enzymatic peptone 0.2-0.3
Potassium biphosphate 0.04-0.06
Potassium chloride 0.004-0.006
Magnesium sulfate 0.03-0.05
Zinc sulfate 0.0005-0.0015
Copper sulfate 0.0005-0.0015
Iron sulfate 0.00005-0.0015
Ammonium sulfate 0.15-0.25
Demineralized water (pH 7.2±0.2) remainder



Moreover, different culturing conditions are used. In the first 18 hours the culture of strain 55-VNIIVViM is aerated with air by bubbling, the aeration level is 5.3-5.7 mmol of dissolved oxygen per liter of medium in 1 hour, in which 95 to 100% of the grown bacterial cells form spores. Aeration is then stopped and the culture held for 6 hours to completion of spore formation and complete lysis of the vegetative material.

A reduction in the time for concentration of the spore material is achieved by using the sodium salt of carboxymethylcellulose (NaCMC) as auxiliary in an optimal concentration of 0.2-0.3%. Moreover, precipitation of the spores is accomplished directly in the reactor at a temperature of 0 to 25°C over 23 to 25 hours.

The culturing method was worked out on a 5 L "Bromma" fermenter (LKB Co., Sweden) and reproduced in a 250 L reactor. This method can be accomplished in vessels for culturing of different volume. For this purpose it is necessary to determine the mass transfer characteristics of the employed vessels relative to oxygen. This can be done by the sulfite method.

Example 1. Determination of mass transfer relative to oxygen in a 250 L reactor, growing of the culture of strain 55-VNIIVViM and production of spores.

The rate of dissolution of oxygen (mmol O<sub>2</sub> per hour) during supply of oxygen through a bubbler in a reactor in an amount of 2.5 dm<sup>3</sup>/L water per minute or 40 dm<sup>3</sup>/160 L water per minute (first measurement); 5 dm<sup>3</sup>/L of water per minute or 80 dm<sup>3</sup>/460 L per minute (second measurement) and 7.5 dm<sup>3</sup>/L of water per minute or 120 dm<sup>3</sup>/160 L water per minute (third measurement) is determined according to the improved sulfite method in a 250-liter reactor containing 160 L distilled water.

The obtained numerical values of the three measurements are used to plot a graph that reflects the aeration level (mmol  $O_2/L$  per hour) versus rate of air feed to the reactor (dm<sup>3</sup>/L per minute).

Growing of a culture of strain 55-VNIIVViM and production of spores.



160 L sporulation-growth medium is prepared in a reactor (250 L) according to the specification (see above). The reagents are dissolved in the same sequence in which they are entered. The pH of the medium is set at 7.2±0.2 by adding 25% potassium or sodium hydroxide solution. The medium is sterilized at 134°C for 1 hour and cooled to 30-35°C.

The seed material, a spore suspension of strain 55-VNIIVViM in an amount of  $1.5-3.0\cdot10^{12}$  vital spores, which amounts to 1 to  $2\cdot10^7$  spores per cm<sup>3</sup> of medium is poured into the reactor with nutrient medium through the sampling device. All the seed material should be contained in a volume of 2 to 5 L.

An incubation temperature of 37°C is established, compressed air is fed into the inoculated nutrient medium. The rate of air feed is determined according to the mass transfer graph. It should ensure an aeration level of 5.5 mmol O<sub>2</sub>/L per hour. It is cultured for 18 hours. It is incubated for the next 6 hours without aeration.

The culture of vaccine strain 55-VNIIVViM grown under these conditions consists of mature vital spores, the amount of which is 350 to 500 million in 1 cm<sup>3</sup>.

An increase in the aeration level above 5.7 mmol O<sub>2</sub>/L per hour has an adverse effect on growth and spore formation of the culture of strain of 55-VNIIVViM: "the harvest" of spores from 1 cm<sup>3</sup> of nutrient medium diminishes by 30 to 40% and spore formation occurs only in 70 to 80% of the grown vegetative cells.

A reduction in the aeration level of 5.3 mmol O<sub>2</sub>/L per hour causes a sharp reduction in the percentage of spore formation. Only 50 to 60% of the vegetative cells sporulate. The yield of spores from 1 cm<sup>3</sup> of nutrient medium diminishes by 45 to 50%.

Example 2. Precipitation of spores in a culture of anthrax vaccine of strain 55-VNIIVViM directly in the reactor.

16 L of a 2% NaCMC solution sterilized at 121°C for 1 hour and cooled to 40 to 50°C is poured into a reactor through the sampling device, the reactor containing 160 L spore culture of strain 55-VNIIVViM with a spore concentration of 350 to 500 million/cm<sup>3</sup>. The contents of the reactor are mixed and left at rest for 20 to 24 hours. After this time the supermatant is carefully decanted and the precipitate carefully mixed and poured into a separate vessel, for example a 20-liter glass bottle. The precipitate in an amount of 10 to 15 L contains 4 to 6 billion vital spores/cm<sup>3</sup>, is easily resuspended and used to produce a vaccine against animal anthrax. Under these conditions 10-to 15-fold concentration of the spore material occurs.

When NaCMC is added to the spore culture in a final concentration of more than 0.2%, the rate of precipitation of the spores is not increased.

When NaCMC is added to the spore culture in an amount of 0.10 to 0.15%, precipitation of the spores occurs slowly over 10 to 12 hours. A change in temperature from 0 to 25°C does not affect the rate of precipitation of spores.

Glycerol is added to the super concentrated spore material to a final concentration of 30%. The super concentrated liquid vaccine obtained as a result from strain 55-VNIIVViM containing 50 to 300 doses in a volume of 1 to 5 mL is poured into vials and sealed without vacuum.

Use of the proposed method for producing a vaccine from strain 55-VNIIVViM in comparison with the existing methods ensures the following advantages:

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It permits production of larger volumes of spores of strain 55-VNIIVViM in reactors and their concentration, observing conditions of sterility;

It reduces the time to produce the spore material by a factor of 2 and the time to concentrate the spores by a factor of 5;

It permits concentration of spores over a wide temperature range (0-25°C);

It offers a possibility of increasing the yield of spores from 1 cm<sup>3</sup> of nutrient medium by a factor of 2;

It permits a liquid super concentrated vaccine to be prepared.

### **CLAIMS**



1. Method for preparation of a vaccine against animal anthrax, including culturing of strain 55-VNIIVViM in a liquid nutrient medium containing an organic nitrogen source, to maximum spore formation and concentration of the spore culture using an auxiliary substance with subsequent precipitation of the mixture and separation of the precipitate, characterized by the fact that, in order to increase the yield of the number of spores per unit nutrient medium, to reduce the labor intensity of the method, the material costs and time to prepare and concentrate the spore material, strain 55-VNIIVViM is cultured on the nutrient medium containing dry yeast extract, peptone, potassium biphosphate, potassium chloride, magnesium sulfate, zinc sulfate, copper sulfate, iron sulfate, ammonium sulfate with the following ratio of components, by weight,

Dry yeast extract 0.2-0.3
Dry enzymatic peptone 0.2-0.3
Potassium biphosphate 0.04-0.06
Potassium chloride 0.004-0.006
Magnesium sulfate 0.03-0.05
Zinc sulfate 0.0005-0.0015
Copper sulfate 0.0005-0.0015
Iron sulfate 0.00005-0.00015
Ammonium sulfate 0.15-0.25
Demineralized water (pH 7.2±0.2) remainder

- 2. Method according to Claim 1, characterized by the fact that culturing is accomplished in the reactor for 23 to 25 hours, the first 17 to 19 hours during aeration, maintaining a rate of oxygen dissolution in the medium of (5.5±0.2) numol per 1 L of medium per hour.
- 3. Method according to Claim 1, characterized by the fact that, for concentration of the bacterial spores, the sodium salt of carboxymethylcellulose is used as auxiliary substance, introduced to the suspension to a final concentration of 0.2-0.3% and precipitation is carried out at 0 to 25°C over 23 to 25 hours.

## NOTIFICATION OF CHANGE IN LEGAL STATUS

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16/2002

Date of publication of bulletin

June 10, 2002

Code of change in legal status

MM4A - Immediate termination of effect of patents of the Russian Federation

owing to nonpayment of the fees to maintain the patent in force in the

established period

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